

# Before You Go Along With And Give Your Silent Approval To the Murder of Tens of Millions Koreans, Take This Quiz And See How Much You *Really* Know!

1. **How many Koreans, and how many American troops, were killed in the Korean War, 1950-1953?**
  - a) About 100,000 U.S. troops, and about 1 million Koreans
  - b) About 1 million U.S. troops, and about 1 million Koreans
  - c) About 450,000 U.S. troops, and about 1 million Koreans
  - d) About 650,000 U.S. troops, and about 2 million Koreans
  - e) About 60,000 U.S. troops, and over 3 million Koreans
2. **True or false: U.S. warplanes dropped more bomb and napalm tonnage during the Korean War than they had during the entire Pacific campaign of World War 2.**
3. **If the number of Americans killed in the Korean War was proportional to the number of Koreans, how many Americans would have died?**
  - .. 1,000,000
  - .. 5,000,000
  - .. 25,000,000
  - .. 45,000,000
4. **What percentage of buildings in North Korea, over one story high, were destroyed by U.S. bombing by the end of the war?**
  - .. 20%
  - .. 40%
  - .. 60%
  - .. 80%
  - .. Over 99%
5. **Which country used chemical and biological weapons on Koreans during the Korean War?**
  - .. North Korea
  - .. South Korea
  - .. The United States
  - .. China
  - .. The Soviet Union
6. **After the surrender of Japan in World War 2, in response to overwhelming demands by nearly every political force in Korea for an independent and unified country, which of the following represented U.S. policy?**
  - a) President Truman admonished U.S. military commanders to stop sending him “messages from representatives of self-styled governments which are not recognized by the Government of the United States” who were appealing for U.S. support for Korean independence and reunification.
  - b) The U.S. National Security Agency assessed that Koreans were not ready to choose their own government due to the “political immaturity of the Korean people.”
  - c) U.S. intelligence documents reported that if open elections were held, “Almost all Koreans are leftists by current US standards, and not even the conservative parties can be considered defenders of traditional capitalism... Soviet policies might therefore be expected to have great popular appeal in Korea.”
  - d) The 1948 elections in South Korea staged by the U.S. should be branded as having “strong popular support” even though, according to U.S. intelligence agencies, “they were boycotted by almost all organized parties except two of the large extreme rightist groups,” and the fact that “moderate factions ... joined with the Communists in boycotting the election on the ostensible grounds that the election would tend to perpetuate the artificial division of Korea....”
  - e) All of the above.
7. **True or false: In 1958, the United States installed hundreds of nuclear weapons, battlefield tactical weapons, and short-range warheads on missiles in South Korea, and kept them there until 1991 when they were replaced with missiles the Pentagon thought presented less threat of contaminating South Korea in the event of a war.**

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8. The Bodo League Massacre was the greatest massacre of civilians in the Korean War. Which of the following describes the nature of that massacre?

- · The Chinese brutally murdered between 100,000 and 200,000 captured U.S. and South Korean POWs.
- · The North Koreans rounded up and killed between 100,000 and 200,000 pro-Democracy dissidents.
- · The U.S.-backed government in South Korea massacred between 100,000 and 200,000 civilians it suspected of being communists or communist sympathizers.
- · Between 100,000 and 200,000 ethnic minorities were forced march to their death in the Soviet Union because their loyalty to the North Korean regime was suspect.

9. True or false: The United States has pledged to never be the first country to launch a nuclear attack.

10. Any decision by President Trump to launch a nuclear attack on North Korea would require which of the following:

- a) Authorization by Congress
- b) The agreement of the Joint Chiefs of Staff
- c) A review by the Defense Intelligence Agency
- d) All of the above
- e) None of the above

Turn in this test to the person who gave it to you, or send your score and your school to us at [revolution.reports@yahoo.com](mailto:revolution.reports@yahoo.com), and we will tabulate and report back on how well American students have been educated as to the actual reality.

This quiz is being made available to a wide variety of organizations, groups and individuals. It was originally published by [www.revcom.us](http://www.revcom.us). Learn more about the U.S. and Korea at [www.revcom.us](http://www.revcom.us).

## Korea Quiz Answers

1. How many Koreans, and how many American troops, were killed in the Korean War, 1950-1953?  
(e) About 60,000 U.S. troops, and over 3 million Koreans
2. U.S. warplanes dropped more bomb and napalm tonnage during the Korean War than they had during the entire Pacific campaign of World War 2.  
True (source: "Thomas Walkom: North Korea's unending war rages on")
3. If the number of Americans killed in the Korean War was proportional to the number of Koreans, how many Americans would have died?  
(d) 45,000,000
4. What percentage of buildings in North Korea, over one story high, were destroyed by U.S. bombing by the end of the war?  
(e) Over 99%
5. Which country used chemical and biological weapons on Koreans during the Korean War?  
(c) The United States [40+ tons of napalm]
6. After the surrender of Japan in World War 2, in response to overwhelming demands by nearly every political force in Korea for an independent and unified country, which of the following represented U.S. policy?  
(e) All of the above. (sources: The Korean War and Its Origins Research File)
7. In 1958, the United States installed hundreds of nuclear weapons, battlefield tactical weapons, and short-range warheads on missiles in South Korea, and kept them there until 1991 when they were replaced with missiles the Pentagon thought presented less threat of contaminating South Korea in the event of a war.  
True
8. The Bodo League Massacre was the greatest massacre of civilians in the Korean War. Which of the following describes the nature of that massacre?  
(c) The U.S.-backed government in South Korea massacred between 100,000 and 200,000 civilians it suspected of being communists or communist sympathizers.
9. The United States has pledged to never be the first country to launch a nuclear attack.  
False
10. Any decision by President Trump to launch a nuclear attack on North Korea would require which of the following.  
(e) None of the above. The U.S. President requires no authorization to launch a nuclear attack.